



STScI | SPACE TELESCOPE
SCIENCE INSTITUTE

EXPANDING THE FRONTIERS OF SPACE ASTRONOMY

Space Telescope Users Committee (STUC) Meeting

Office of Public Outreach

November 30, 2023



Hubble News Summary

Total Hubble Science Releases from Oct. 2022 – Sept. 2023: 24

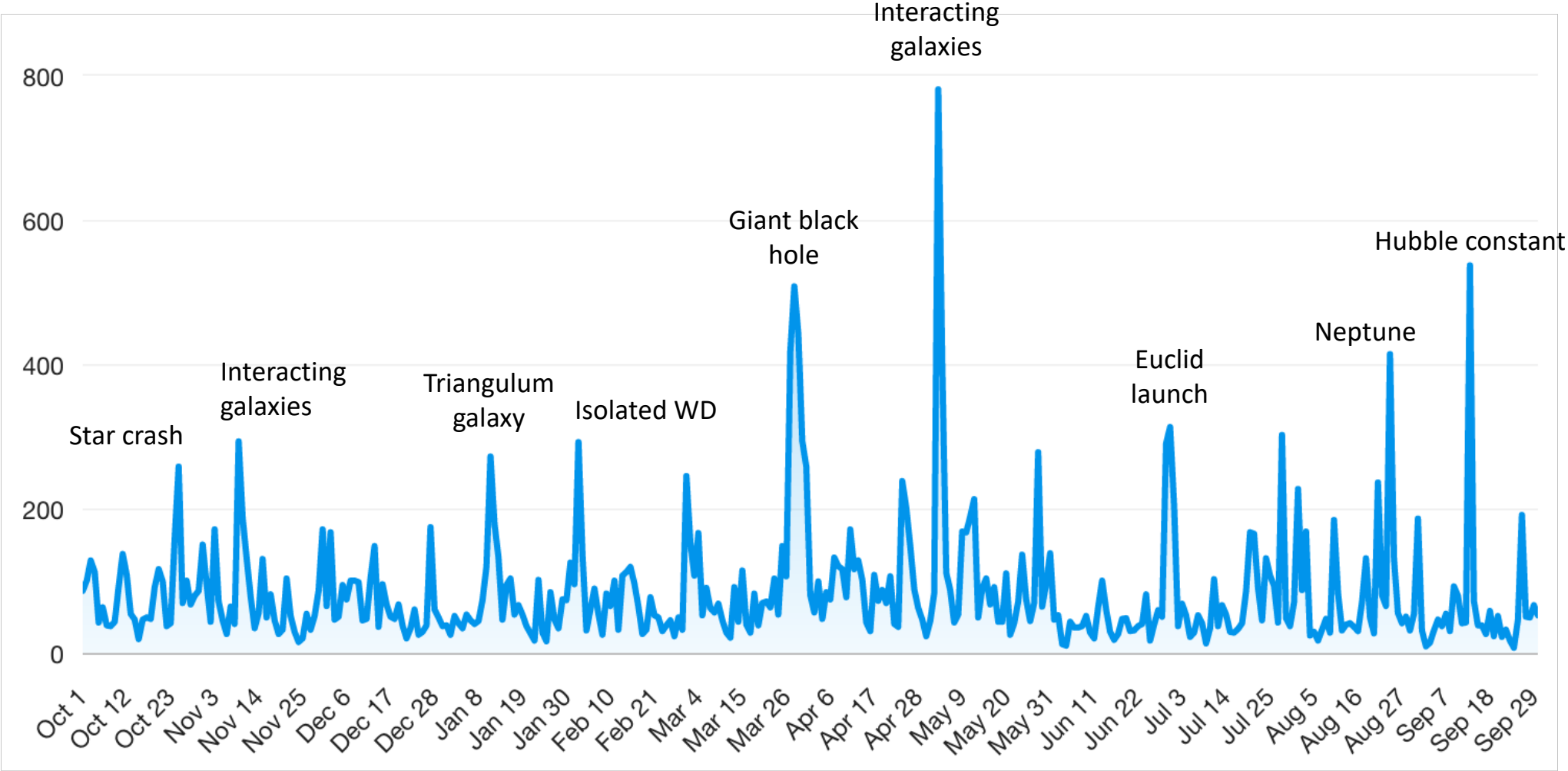
Estimated Total Reach: 33 billion

Total Articles: 7,117



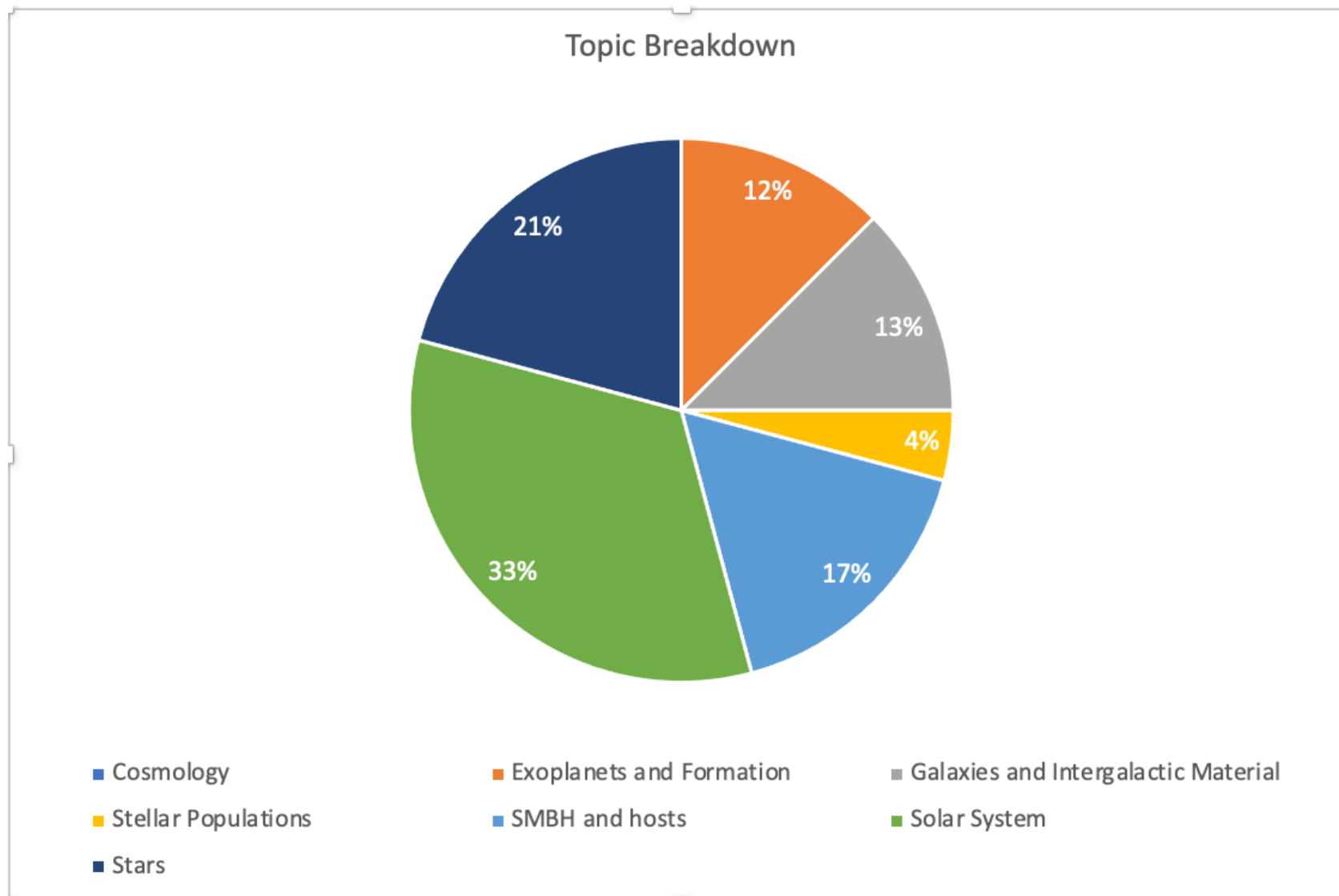
Hubble News Coverage

Oct. 2022 – Sept. 2023



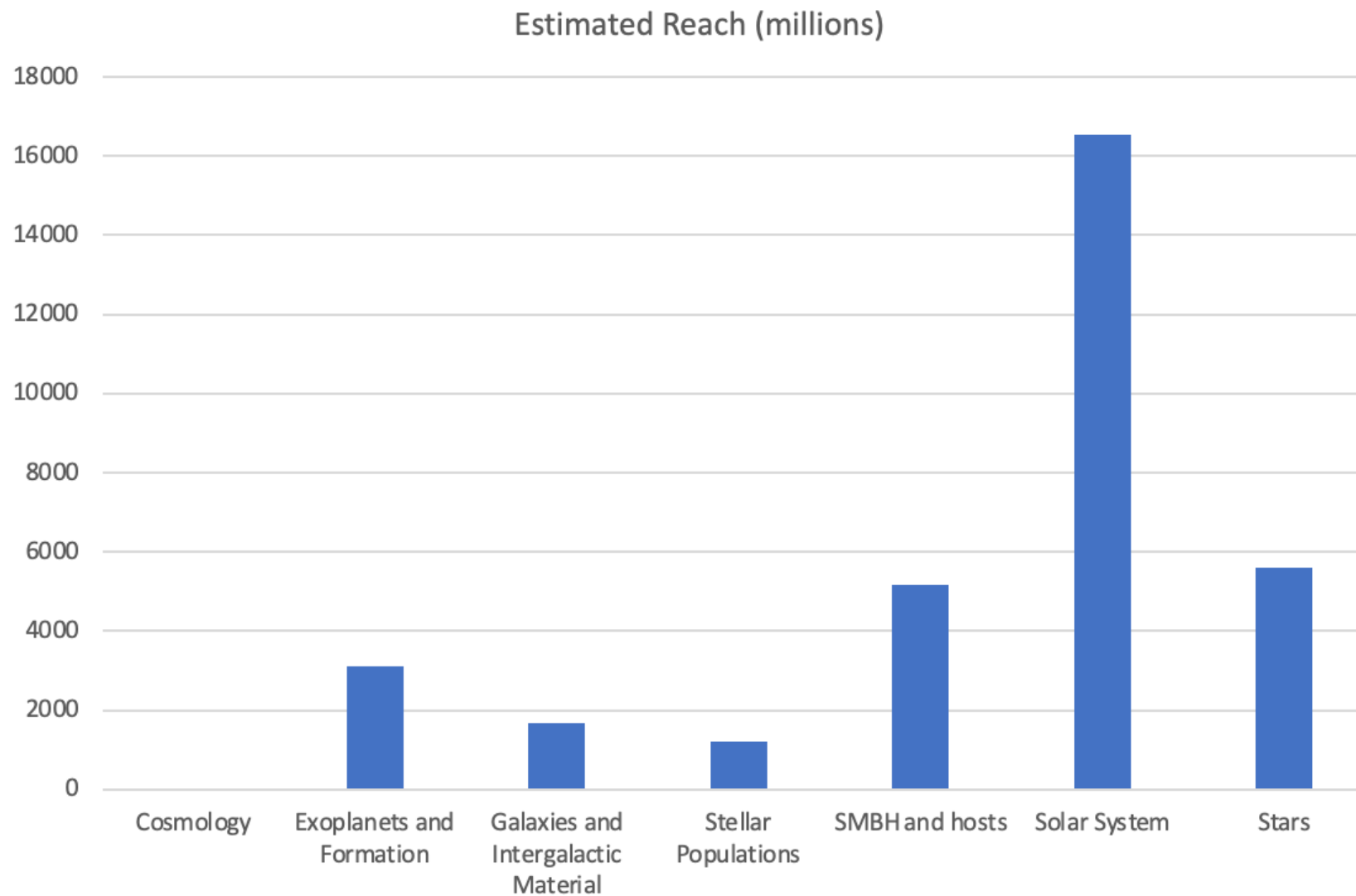


Topic Breakdown





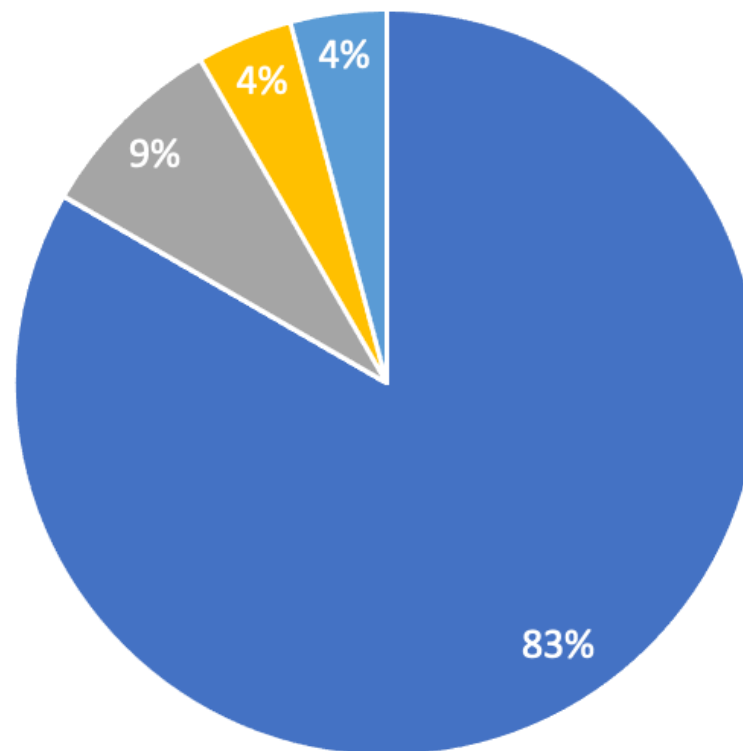
Estimated Reach by Topic





Type of Observation Breakdown

Type of Observation



- Imaging
- Photometry
- Spectroscopy
- Imaging and Spectroscopy
- Photometry and Spectroscopy



Think you have something newsworthy?

Come to us early!

Share the word with your colleagues

Visit STScI.edu News Center to submit:

<https://www.stsci.edu/news/scientist-resources>

Contact me: cpulliam@stsci.edu, 410-338-4366

Submit Your Newsworthy Idea

The STScI news team acts as an advocate for science teams by bringing new results to NASA's attention. If you have a result that you believe will be interesting to the public, please submit your idea using this **pre-populated email** or by copying the list below and emailing us: **scientistnews@stsci.edu**

**The asterisks denote required information.*

1. Specify a mission* (HST, JWST, and/or Other)
2. Principal Investigator's Name* (first and last)
3. Email address*
4. Subject*
5. Brief description of result*
6. Please provide a link to your paper or attach a copy of your paper to the email.
7. Journal Submission History*
8. HST or JWST Go Proposal ID(s)



Space Telescope Live

- Space Telescope Live provides up-to-date observation schedule information for the Hubble and Webb Space Telescopes.
- Observation data includes information about an observations status, scheduled or executed timeline, target location, target categories and keywords, instruments, and additional program information.
- Space Telescope Live features an interactive map, Aladin-based sky map highlighting each target location, as well as links out to addition resources including the primary science outreach websites and program information.



What is Hubble observing?

Next Scheduled Observation

1 hours, 7 minutes, 27 seconds [hide](#)

[View Latest Target](#)



Target: MSJ2009L1630MIR14

Target Category: Stellar Populations And The Interstellar Medium

Research Program: FUV-Optical Spectroscopic Mapping of the PDRs in NGC7023 and The Horsehead

[Previous Target](#)

[Next Target](#)

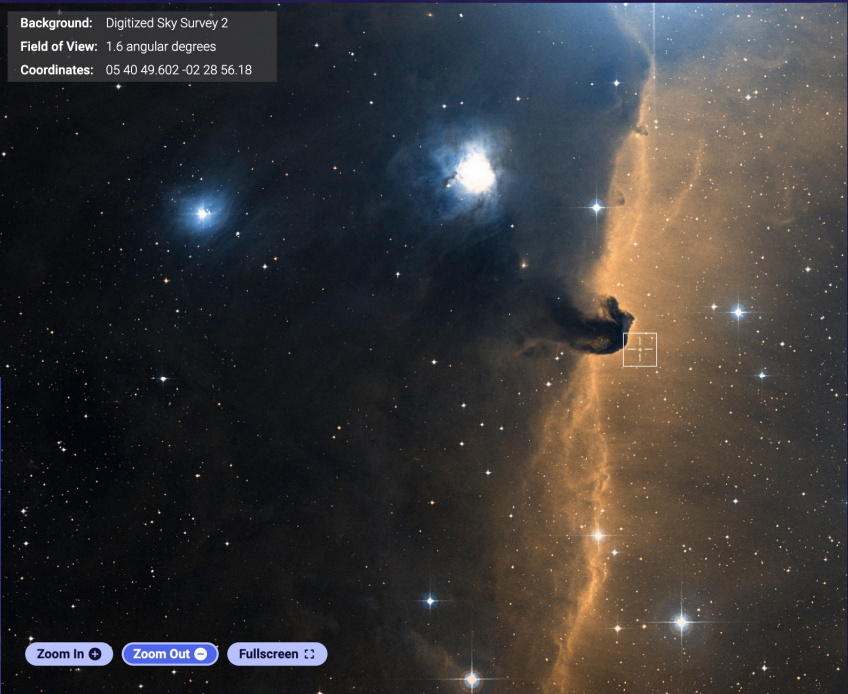
Scheduled

[Status Details](#)

Start Date: Friday, November 10, 2023 at 15:51:22 GMT

[Hide Details](#)

Background: Digitized Sky Survey 2
Field of View: 1.6 angular degrees
Coordinates: 05 40 49.602 -02 28 56.18



[Zoom In](#) [Zoom Out](#) [Fullscreen](#)

Target Category

Stellar Populations And The Interstellar Medium

Science Topics

Interstellar Medium, Chemical Abundances, H II Regions, Interstellar Dust

Science Instrument

STIS: Space Telescope Imaging Spectrograph

[View Instrument Details](#)

Schedule

Start Time	November 10, 2023 at 15:51:22 GMT
End Time	November 10, 2023 at 15:59:05 GMT
Duration	7 minutes, 43 seconds

Principal Investigator (PI)

Karl Misselt

[View Research Proposal SC 16747](#)





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What is STIS?

Scheduled

Background: Dig

Field of View: 1.6

Coordinates: 05

Close


STIS: Space Telescope Imaging Spectrograph

Active Instrument

STIS is a highly versatile instrument, particularly useful for capturing ultraviolet to near-infrared spectra from many different points across a single object at one time. Its uses include detecting black holes, comparing ages and compositions of stars in a cluster, measuring galaxy rotation, and analyzing atmospheres of distant planets.


Instrument Components

Wavelength




Camera

Cameras capture two-dimensional images of regions of space.



Coronagraph

Coronagraphs are opaque disks used to block the bright light of stars in order to detect the much fainter light of planets and debris disks orbiting the star.



Spectrograph

Spectrographs spread light out into a spectrum so that the brightness of each individual wavelength can be measured.

STIS includes all of these components, one or more of which are used for this observation.

Zoom In

Zoom Out

Fullscreen

Duration

7 minutes, 43 seconds

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What is

Active Instrument

STIS is a highly versatile instrument, particularly useful for capturing ultraviolet to near-infrared spectra from many different points across a single object at one time. Its uses include detecting black holes, comparing ages and compositions of stars in a cluster, measuring galaxy rotation, and analyzing atmospheres of distant planets.

Instrument Components

Wavelength

ULTRAVIOLET

VISIBLE

INFRARED

NEAR

MID

FAR

Wavelength Range: 0.115 – 1.03 microns (115 – 1030 nanometers)

This is the entire range of light wavelengths that STIS can detect. Any given observation typically covers only part of this range.

Background: Dig

Field of View: 1.6

Coordinates: 05

Start Time

End Time

Duration

Principal Investigator (PI)

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Zoom Out

Fullscreen

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