

**EXPANDING THE FRONTIERS OF SPACE ASTRONOMY** 

# Updates to the TAC grading scheme

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#### Issues with the Grading Schema

Based on feedback from TAC panelists and SPG observations of the process, we note the following shortcomings with the current grading scheme:

- Grade Reversal: the scale (5=poor to 1=excellent) runs in the opposite direction than some expect.
- **Restricted Grading:** the full grade range could be more broadly used, i.e., there are few "poor" proposals, Reviewers may unnecessarily restrict themselves to a narrow grading range (adjectival equivalencies).
- Grade Compression: the grade range is less useful after the triage round, as all proposals at that point are nominally "good" to "excellent" (adjectival equivalencies).
- Multiple Grade Categories: We asked for grading in along 3 (+1) dimensions, <u>Scientific Merit</u> (scientifically sound?), Importance to Astronomy (urgent?), and <u>Unique Capabilities</u> (taking advantage of HST's unique capabilities?). We included a 4th dimension called Complexity that is utilized by Grants to evaluate a funding model for JWST (in Cycles 2+).

However descriptions were often misunderstood and unclear, especially how they apply to all types of proposals, e.g., how to score and AR Theory proposals in *Unique Capabilities?* Also not made clear how the grades would be used or combined, as a straight average or otherwise.



#### **Proposed Solutions**

SPG evaluated and discussed several options for addressing these issues, including changing the numerical scale, improving the adjectival equivalents, etc.

However, given the limited time to integrate changes into the TAC management tool (SPIRIT) in advance of JWST Cycle 1 & HST Cycle 29, we opted to focus on **critical changes for now**, and address more transformative **changes later** after those reviews.



**Grade renormalization:** Our thoughts are that renumbering the scale (broadening, e.g., to 1-10, and/or reversing, 10=excellent and 1=poor) would cause further confusion with some of our more experienced reviewers.

Dr. Cecilia Reyes

Propos al ID	Imp with	nin	Broader Impact	Suitability
0103		1	1.5	3
0104		2	1.8	3
0105		2.5	2	1
0106		1.2	1.5	2.2
0107		2.1	1.2	1
0119		4	4	2.5
0120		2	2	2

We will standardize (or renormalize) grades from each reviewer across their assignments within the same grading category.

Renormalized scores will have a mean of 3 and a deviation of 1.



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Dr. Cecilia Reyes Normalized

Proposal ID	Scientific Merit	Importance to Astronomy	Unique Capabilities	Average Normalized rade
0103	1.9	2.5	4.1	2.8
0104	2.9	2.8	4.1	3.2
0105	3.4	3.0	1.7	2.7
0106	2.1	2.5	3.1	2.6
0107	3.0	2.1	1.7	2.3
0119	4.9	5.2	3.5	4.5
0120	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9

We will standardize (or renormalize) grades from each reviewer across their assignments within the same grading category.

Renormalized scores will have a mean of 3 and a deviation of 1.

Renormalized grades from a reviewer on a given proposal will be averaged across 3 categories to produce the average standardized reviewer grade.



# Grade renormalization: The average of average normalized grades determines proposal grade and preliminary ranking

Proposal ID	Dr. Cecilia Reves	Dr. Victor von Doom			Dr. Otto Octavius	Grade	Ranking
0103	2.8	3.8	3.8	1.8	1.8	2.8	3
0104	3.2	4.2	3.2	4.2	4.2	3.8	6
0105	2.7	1.7	1.7	2.7	1.7	2.1	1
0106	2.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	2.6	3.2	5
0107	2.3	1.3	3.3	1.3	3.3	2.3	2
0119	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	4.5	5.1	7
0120	2.9	2.9	3.9	3.9	1.9	3.1	4



**Grading Categories and Criteria:** We modify the grading categories (within the same framework) and provide new criteria for both the preliminary grading and virtual panel grading phases:

Preliminary grading criteria

Grade	Impact within the sub-field	Broader impact	Suitability
1	Potential for transformative results	Transformative implications for one or more other sub-fields	Can only be done with HST
2	Potential for major advancement	Major implications for one or more other sub-fields	Major advantages in using HST over other facilities
3	Potential for moderate advancement	Some implications for one or more other sub-fields	Some advantages in using HST over other facilities
4	Potential for minor advancement	Minor impacts on other sub-fields	Minor advantages in using HST over other facilities
5	Limited potential for advancing the field	Little or no impact for other sub- fields	HST offers little or no advantage over other facilities or advantages of using HST is not clear

<sup>\*</sup> decimal grades ok



**Grading Categories and Criteria:** We will keep *Complexity* grades to provide feedback to JWST FRC modeling, with a focus on programmatic complexity, i.e., in the reviewer's opinion and relative to other programs of similar scope (proposal category, orbit size, etc.), how difficult will it be to carry through the program from award to dissemination of results?



#### **Future Changes**

In future cycles, may move to **semantic differential scale** grading—Reviewers select along a sliding scale with generic polar markers

Possibly not show numeric backbone, reducing potential for grade confusion

May revisit grading categories and criteria, allowing for more weight to be given to categories of specific emphasis.

