



14051 - Constraining Dust Hazes at the L/T Transition via Variability

Cycle: 22, Proposal Category: GO

(Availability Mode: SUPPORTED)

INVESTIGATORS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Institution</i>	<i>E-Mail</i>
Dr. Jacqueline Radigan (PI) (Contact)	Space Telescope Science Institute	radigan@stsci.edu
Prof. Daniel Apai (CoI)	University of Arizona	apai@arizona.edu
Dr. Hao Yang (CoI)	University of Arizona	haoyangrice@gmail.com
Kay Hiranaka (CoI)	American Museum of Natural History	oookay@gmail.com
Prof. Kelle L. Cruz (CoI)	City University of New York Hunter College	kellecruz@gmail.com
Dr. Esther Buenzli (CoI) (ESA Member)	Max-Planck-Institut für Astronomie, Heidelberg	buenzli@mpia.de
Dr. Mark S. Marley (CoI)	NASA Ames Research Center	mmarley@mail.arc.nasa.gov

VISITS

<i>Visit</i>	<i>Targets used in Visit</i>	<i>Configurations used in Visit</i>	<i>Orbits Used</i>	<i>Last Orbit Planner Run</i>	<i>OP Current with Visit?</i>
01	(1) 2MASS-J16291840+0335371	WFC3/IR	4	30-Jan-2015 21:27:01.0	yes

4 Total Orbits Used

ABSTRACT

The T2 dwarf SIMP 1629+03 is a variable L/T transition dwarf, with a normal near-infrared spectrum. However, it is remarkable in that the wavelength dependence of its variability differs markedly from that of other L/T transition brown dwarfs. In particular, the absence of a water absorption feature in its variability spectrum indicates that a patchy, high-altitude haze, rather than a deeper cloud layer is responsible for the observed variations. We propose to obtain Spitzer+HST observations of SIMP1629+02 over two consecutive rotations periods in order to simultaneously map its spectral variability across 1-5 μm . The wide wavelength coverage will provide a suitable lever-arm for constraining the particle size distribution in the haze. A truly flat spectrum across this wavelength range would indicate large particle sizes in comparison to those

inferred for red L-dwarf hazes, and would therefore provide direct evidence of grain growth with decreasing effective temperature and/or a grain-size dependence on surface gravity in brown dwarf atmospheres.

OBSERVING DESCRIPTION

ORIENTATION REQUIREMENTS:

We require that the spectral traces of our targets do not overlap with those of other stars in the field. Orientation constraints were calculated as follows:

PA=absolute position angle between target and background star

d= distance between target and background star

ORIENT = position angle of HST U3 axis

A_WFC3 = angle of WFC3 "-x" axis wrt HST = -45 deg

PA_WFC3 = PA - ORIENT - A_WFC3 = position angle between target and background star wrt WFC3 detector -x axis.

dY = absolute distance between spectral traces, perpendicular to the direction of dispersion

We have required that $dY > 2$ arcseconds, where $dY = d * \cos(\text{PA_WFC3})$ for stars along the negative x-axis with $d > 18''$. For $d < 18''$ constraints have been placed in the -ve and +ve directions. In some cases an extra buffer of up to +/- 5 deg was added due to uncertainties in source and background star proper motions.

TARGETS

Our target is a brown dwarf (bright in the IR), and does not appear in optical images using the target confirmation tool. It also has significant proper motion, which has been provided.

Proposal 14051 - visit 1629 (01) - Constraining Dust Hazes at the L/T Transition via Variability

Sat Jan 31 02:27:05 GMT 2015

Visit	Proposal 14051, visit_1629 (01) Diagnostic Status: No Diagnostics Scientific Instruments: WFC3/IR Special Requirements: ORIENT 0D TO 14 D; ORIENT 218D TO 290 D; ORIENT 326D TO 359 D; ORIENT 38D TO 110 D; ORIENT 146D TO 194 D <i>Comments: Continuous observation of 2MASS-J16291840+0335371</i>					
	Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates	Targ. Coord. Corrections	Fluxes
	(1)	2MASS- J16291840+0335371	RA: 16 29 18.4090 (247.3267042d) Dec: +03 35 37.10 (3.59364d) Equinox: J2000	Proper Motion RA: 0.243 arcsec/yr Proper Motion Dec: -0.158 arcsec/yr Epoch of Position: 2000.44	V=(?) J=15.3	Reference Frame: ICRS
	<i>Comments: This object was generated by the targetselector and retrieved from the SIMBAD database.</i>					

Proposal 14051 - visit 1629 (01) - Constraining Dust Hazes at the L/T Transition via Variability

#	Label	Target	Config,Mode,Aperture	Spectral Els.	Opt. Params.	Special Reqs.	Groups	Exp. Time (Total)/[Actual Dur.]	Orbit
1	PreImage	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	F127M	NSAMP=2; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S10			7.624302 Secs X 2 (15.249 Secs)	
								[==>(Copy 1)]	[1]
								[==>(Copy 2)]	
2	SpectralSeries	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	G141	NSAMP=6; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S25			112.00801 Secs X 20 (2240.16 Secs)	
								[==>(Copy 1)]	[1]
								[==>(Copy 2)]	
								[==>(Copy 3)]	
								[==>(Copy 4)]	
								[==>(Copy 5)]	
								[==>(Copy 6)]	
								[==>(Copy 7)]	
								[==>(Copy 8)]	
								[==>(Copy 9)]	
								[==>(Copy 10)]	
								[==>(Copy 11)]	
								[==>(Copy 12)]	
								[==>(Copy 13)]	
								[==>(Copy 14)]	
								[==>(Copy 15)]	
								[==>(Copy 16)]	
								[==>(Copy 17)]	
								[==>(Copy 18)]	
								[==>(Copy 19)]	
								[==>(Copy 20)]	
3	PreImage	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	F127M	NSAMP=2; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S10			7.624302 Secs X 2 (15.249 Secs)	
								[==>(Copy 1)]	[2]
								[==>(Copy 2)]	

Exposures

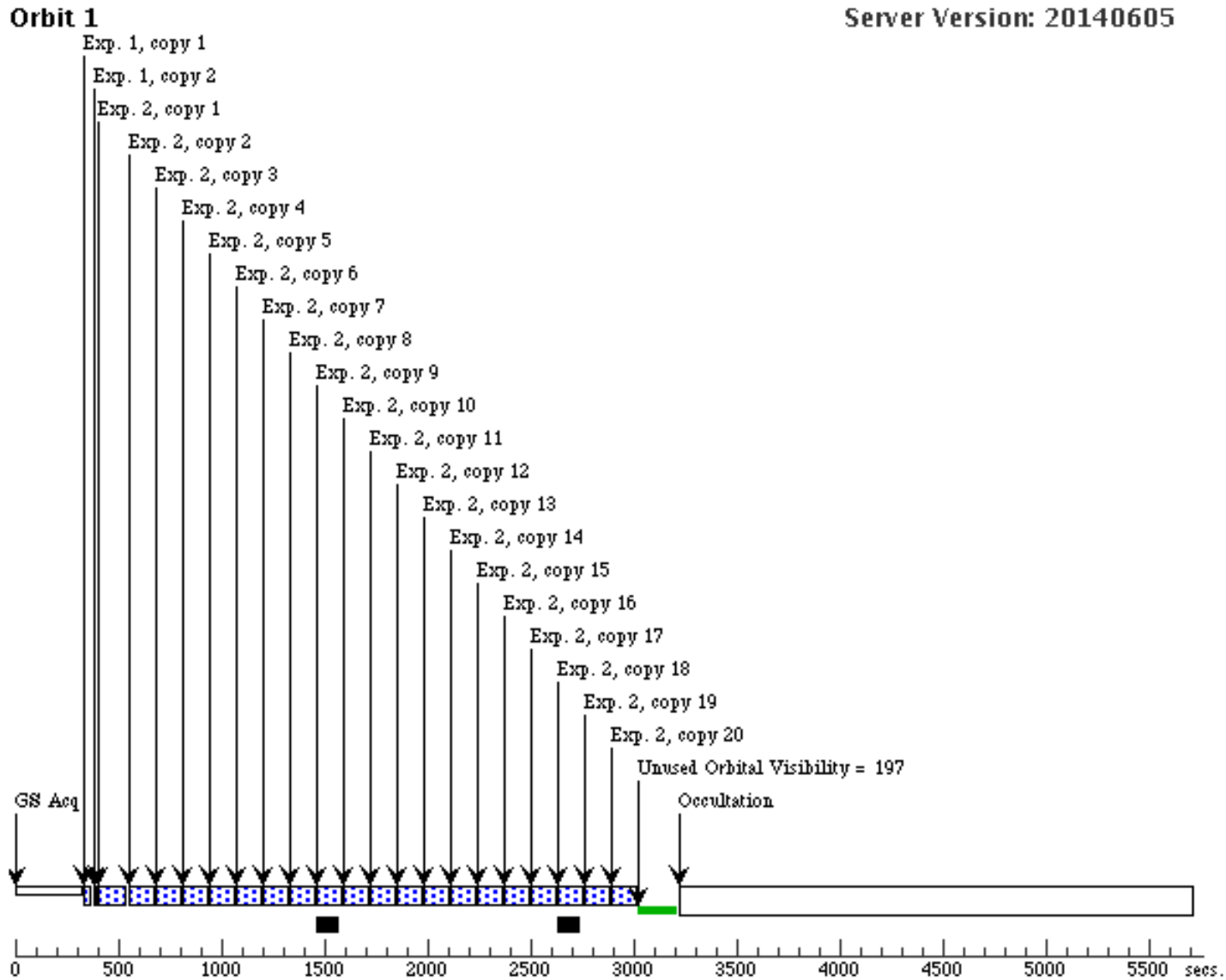
Proposal 14051 - visit 1629 (01) - Constraining Dust Hazes at the L/T Transition via Variability

4	SpectralSeries	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	G141	NSAMP=6; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S25	112.00801 Secs X 20 (2240.16 Secs)	[==>(Copy 1)] [==>(Copy 2)] [==>(Copy 3)] [==>(Copy 4)] [==>(Copy 5)] [==>(Copy 6)] [==>(Copy 7)] [==>(Copy 8)] [==>(Copy 9)] [==>(Copy 10)] [==>(Copy 11)] [==>(Copy 12)] [==>(Copy 13)] [==>(Copy 14)] [==>(Copy 15)] [==>(Copy 16)] [==>(Copy 17)] [==>(Copy 18)] [==>(Copy 19)] [==>(Copy 20)]	[2]
5	PreImage	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	F127M	NSAMP=2; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S10	7.624302 Secs (7.624 Secs)	[==>]	[3]
6	SpectralSeries	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	G141	NSAMP=6; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S25	112.00801 Secs X 20 (2240.16 Secs)	[==>(Copy 1)] [==>(Copy 2)] [==>(Copy 3)] [==>(Copy 4)] [==>(Copy 5)] [==>(Copy 6)] [==>(Copy 7)] [==>(Copy 8)] [==>(Copy 9)] [==>(Copy 10)] [==>(Copy 11)] [==>(Copy 12)] [==>(Copy 13)] [==>(Copy 14)] [==>(Copy 15)] [==>(Copy 16)] [==>(Copy 17)] [==>(Copy 18)] [==>(Copy 19)] [==>(Copy 20)]	[3]

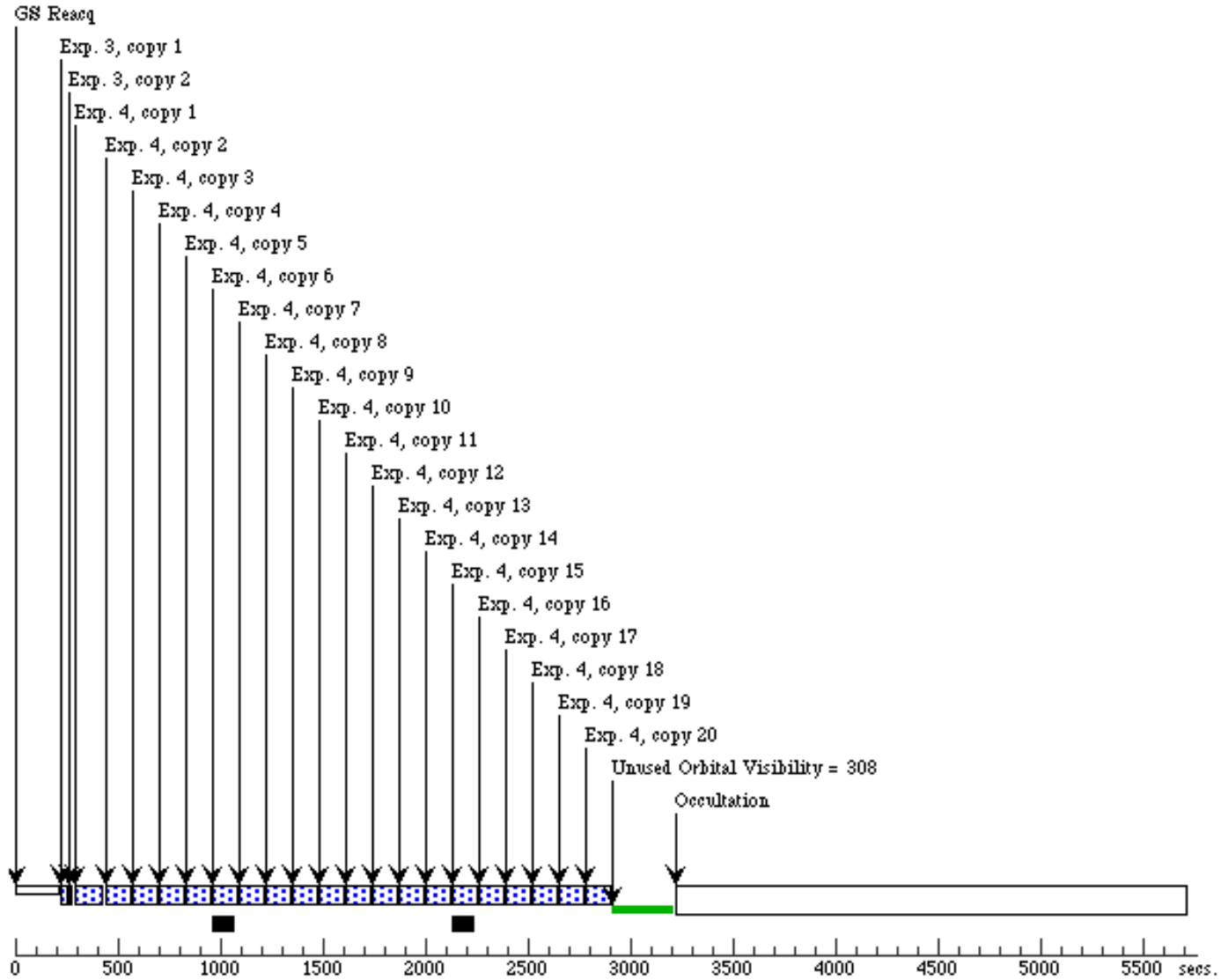
Proposal 14051 - visit 1629 (01) - Constraining Dust Hazes at the L/T Transition via Variability

7	PreImage	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	F127M	NSAMP=2; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S10	7.624302 Secs X 2 (15.249 Secs)	
						[==>(Copy 1)]	[3]
						[==>(Copy 2)]	[4]
8	SpectralSeries	(1) 2MASS-J162918 40+0335371	WFC3/IR, MULTIACCUM, GRISM256	G141	NSAMP=6; SAMP-SEQ=SPAR S25	112.00801 Secs X 20 (2240.16 Secs)	
						[==>(Copy 1)]	[4]
						[==>(Copy 2)]	
						[==>(Copy 3)]	
						[==>(Copy 4)]	
						[==>(Copy 5)]	
						[==>(Copy 6)]	
						[==>(Copy 7)]	
						[==>(Copy 8)]	
						[==>(Copy 9)]	
						[==>(Copy 10)]	
						[==>(Copy 11)]	
						[==>(Copy 12)]	
						[==>(Copy 13)]	
						[==>(Copy 14)]	
						[==>(Copy 15)]	
						[==>(Copy 16)]	
						[==>(Copy 17)]	
						[==>(Copy 18)]	
						[==>(Copy 19)]	
						[==>(Copy 20)]	

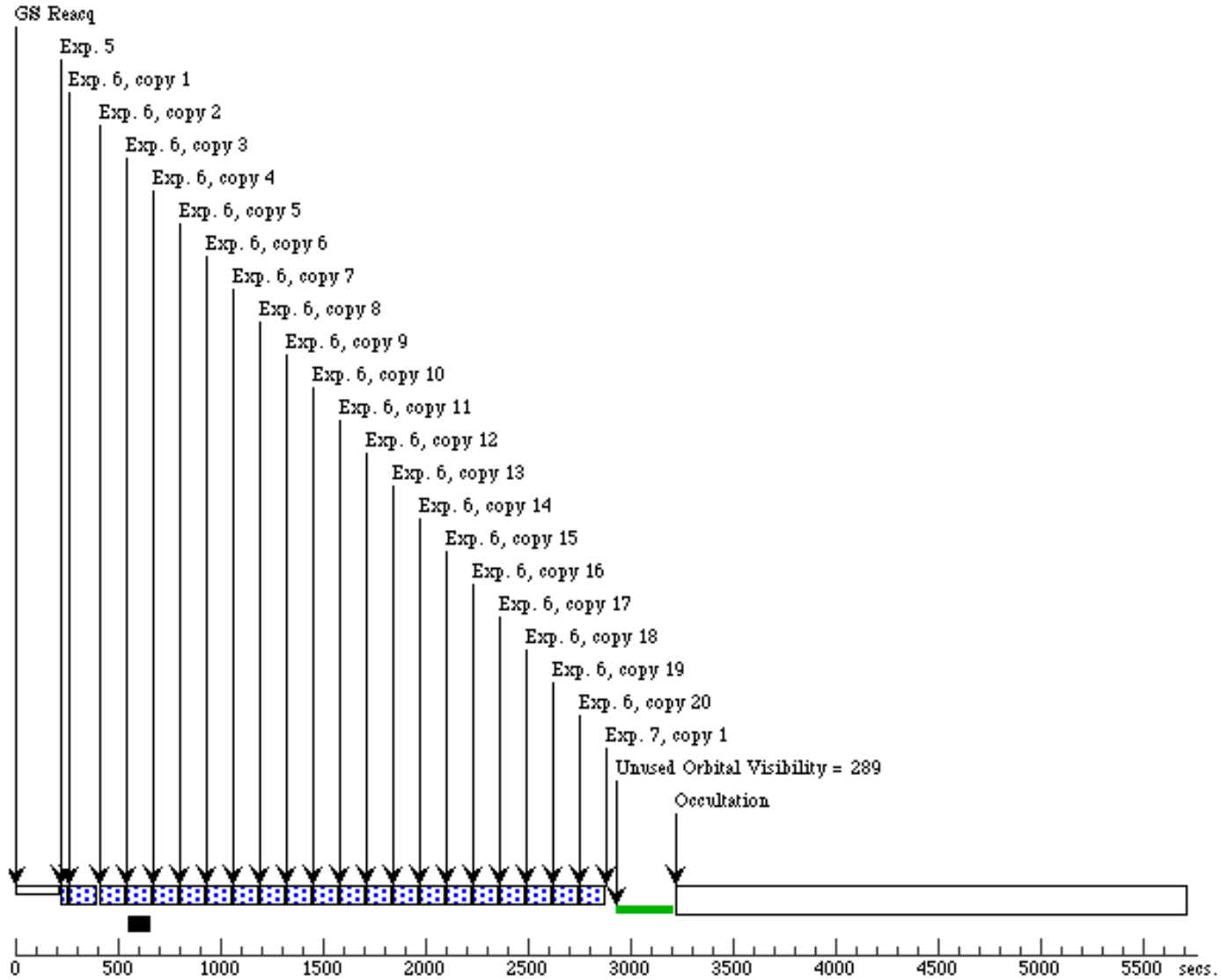
Orbit Structure



Orbit 2



Orbit 3



Orbit 4

