



16174 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

Cycle: 28, Proposal Category: GO

(Availability Mode: SUPPORTED)

INVESTIGATORS

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VISITS

<i>Visit</i>	<i>Targets used in Visit</i>	<i>Configurations used in Visit</i>	<i>Orbits Used</i>	<i>Last Orbit Planner Run</i>	<i>OP Current with Visit?</i>
01	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD	1	11-Feb-2021 12:00:32.0	yes
02	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD	1	11-Feb-2021 12:00:36.0	yes
03	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD	1	11-Feb-2021 12:00:41.0	yes

3 Total Orbits Used

ABSTRACT

Debris disks are readily detectable tracers of embedded planetary systems; however, their complex internal structures are often challenging to interpret as most debris disks do not harbor known exoplanets. The prototypical debris disk around Beta Pic and its two relatively short-period super-Jupiter planets offer a unique laboratory for studying planet-disk interactions. Five mechanisms have been identified through models in which Beta Pic b may shape the complex disk structure and may perturb planetesimals into an inclined orbit, giving rise to the secondary disk discovered with HST. Structures shaped by the planet's resonances can introduce large-scale azimuthal asymmetries in the disk that orbit on timescales similar to that

Proposal 16174 (STScI Edit Number: 1, Created: Thursday, February 11, 2021 at 12:00:42 PM Eastern Standard Time) - Overview of the planet (~ 18 yr). With STIS images from 1997 and 2012 a uniquely long baseline is available for identifying the temporal evolution of the disk, which is predicted to evolve on comparable Keplerian timescales. We propose to revisit and continue monitoring the Beta Pic disk with STIS to characterize the temporal evolution of the disk. By repeating the earlier observations we will detect variations as small as 1% at 0.5". In comparison, models of radiation-pressure driven small grains freed from planetesimals trapped in resonance with the planet predict variations up 300% in this component. We will identify disk structures and dust grain populations that are a result of interactions with the two giant planets, directly testing models explaining the disks' complex structure. These observations will provide an entirely new set of constraints on the 3D structure and dynamics of the only known disk/planet system where such measurements are possible.

OBSERVING DESCRIPTION

The proposed observations aim to obtain a STIS coronagraphic image of the Beta Pictoris debris disk with two goals: The primary goal is to compare the disk surface brightness distribution to 1997 and 2012 STIS observations of the same disk, to identify or constrain changes in the disk structure. The secondary goal is to image the disk at a smaller inner working angle (stellocentric angular distance 0.3") than imaged before to explore the inner disk structure.

The surface brightness variations and inner disk structure is particularly interesting in this system, where a giant planet has been directly imaged. The planet's projected separation in 2021-2022 is about 0.35-0.43" from the star.

The 1997 data was obtained with STIS using positions along both WedgeA and WedgeB.

We will observe the target star and a PSF star at four positions and different orientations. This data set will allow PSF subtraction both through roll (self)subtraction and through PSF subtraction, thus allowing two alternate reduction methods. The combination of the data sets will provide an optimal spatial coverage and can correct for the field lost due to wedge obscuration and diffraction spike contamination.

Based on the comparison of the reduced 1997 and 2012 data and a set of PSF stars from other programs we identified that the following strategy provides the best quality data and best comparison to the earlier data sets:

We will observe the two targets using three single-orbit visits (01, 02, 03) that are linked both in time and orientation angles.

The three visits must be scheduled "back-to-back" in sequential visibility periods, each uninterrupted by Earth occultation -- hence the AFTER scheduling requirements of 0.5 to 1.5 orbit (start-to-start) times on Visits 02 and 03.

In Visit 01 we observe our science target (Beta Pic). In Visit 02 we will observe our PSF calibration target (Alpha Pic). The Alpha Pic visit (02) MUST be scheduled in time in between Visits 01 and 03. In Visit 03 we again observe Beta Pic, but at an orientation angle differing by +33.5 deg from the absolute orientation specified for Visit 01.

We begin each Visit with an on-board autonomous coronagraphic target acquisition. Target acquisition exposure times were chosen to provide SNR ~ 100 in the central pixel of the target acq images. In all cases we use the F25ND5 filter due to the brightness of our target stars.

First orbit: We will observe Beta Pic at four wedge-occulted locations: WedgeA06, WedgeA1.0, WedgeB1.0, and a position POSTARGETED (by - 7.4", 0.0") to a narrow position on the mid-line of WedgeB. (This latter position is symmetrically equivalent to the WedgeA0.6 aperture position, but no such aperture is currently defined, therefore we POSTARG from a standard aperture position on WedgeB.)

We will obtain a series of short exposures for the 0.6" wedge locations to avoid the saturation close to the wedge.

We obtain a combination of short and long exposures at the 1.0" locations to probe the disk close to the wedge and also at large separations.

Absolute Orientation: 59.05 degree

Second Orbit: Carry out the same observing sequence as in Orbit 1 on the PSF star Alpha Pictoris.

This star is slightly brighter, so exposures are shorter to avoid saturation.

In this visit we observe our PSF template calibration star. In order to minimize variations in PSF structure from thermal driven changes in OTA wavefront errors, we constrain the orientation of this calibration target which is nearby in the sky to our science target (similar spacecraft attitude and sun angle) to be in between the orientations of Visit 01 and 03.

NOTE TO OUR PC: Ideally, we would like this Visit scheduled with an Orientation of 75.8 deg if possible, but any orientation within the specified range is acceptable.

Third Orbit: Repeat the observations of Beta Pic (1st orbit) but at a different spacecraft orientation.

Orientation: Visit 1 +33.5 degree.

EXPOSURE TIMES:

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Individual coronagraphic exposure times (Ex. Time / # CR Splits) have been carefully chosen at all wedge positions based upon prior coronagraphic imaging so as not to saturate at the smallest IWA for each wedge position while also providing > appx 70% full well depth. NOTE TO OUR PC: Please do ***NOT*** allow "automatic" adjustment of any exposure times in our coronagraphic exposures to fill any (small) "dead time" in the orbits

WEDGE B POSITION:

At the end of each visibility period we image along the B wedge using a POSTARG offset from Wedge1.0B. In doing so we do NOT specify an "available" engineering mode parameter CENTERAXIS2 (though we use "supported" mode SIZEAXIS2 sub-array readout specifications here and elsewhere) on these POSTARGED exposures on the recommendation of our CS. We REQUEST that when an SMS (or precursor input product) is generated, this be verified that the subarray for this position is indeed centered on the target in the Y axis direction.

ORIENTATIONS:

The observations are sensitive to the roll angles: the right angles will ensure that the disk is optimally placed between the wedges and the diffraction spikes at both orientations and minimize the spatial coverage lost due to obscuration.

DISK AND SPACECRAFT ORIENTATIONS:

The "northern" semi-major axis of the nearly-edge on Beta Pic disk is at a celestial position angle of appx 30.8 deg. (The inner disk itself is warped and PAs varying by a few degrees appear in the literature, depending upon how and at what distances measures have been made. For our observation planning we adopt 30.8 deg). In Visit 01 we select an absolute ORIENTATION angle of 59.05 deg to rotate the disk 16.75 deg counter-clockwise with respect to the mid-line of the A-wedge. In Visit 03 we specify a +33.5 deg ORIENT FROM w.r.t. the absolute orientation of 59.05 deg (corresponding to an absolute orientation of 92.55 deg).

NOTE TO OUR PC: Our goal here is to simultaneously: (a) have the +/- roll offsets w.r.t nominal U3, so that in Visit 01 and 03 the disk major axis is equally rotated in opposite directions with symmetric displacements w.r.t. the mid-line of the A wedge, while ALSO (b) providing the largest roll difference (+33.5 deg informed by the roll range report) for which the mid-range of the absolute orientations of Visits 01 and 03 would align the disk major axis with the mid-line of the A-wedge (conceptually, at 75.8 deg).

This is key to optimizing the science return for this program.

If a suitable GS pair cannot be found to enable this geometry, we would later suggest possible specific alternates depending upon schedulability with

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more restrictive differential roll ranges with trades in science return.

EXTRA SHORT EXPOSURES AT THE END OF VISIT 02:

Based on our experience we expect the IWA to be determined by the slight positional difference between the PSF star and the target star. Our PSF star is brighter than the target star, thus requiring somewhat shorter exposures, leaving an extra 2.5 minutes at the end of Visit 02. We plan to use this time to obtain short exposures of the PSF at two additional positions along the Y axis - the combination of the three (total) positions will allow us to find the best positional match for the target star which should help providing a better PSF subtraction than possible with regular pointing technique. This will potentially further enhance the data and only uses some of the remaining visibility. If really necessary, these exposures (02.012-02.013) can be removed.

The three orbits must be executed back-to-back to minimize the changes in the instrumental PSF and the spacecraft/instrument state.

Proposal 16174 - Visit 01 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

Visit	Proposal 16174, Visit 01, implementation					Thu Feb 11 17:00:42 GMT 2021
	Diagnostic Status: Warning Scientific Instruments: STIS/CCD Special Requirements: PCS MODE FINE; GUID TOL 0.005"; GYRO MODE 3GOBAD; ORIENT 59.05D TO 59.05 D Comments: Timing: Must be executed in sequential orbit immediately prior to Visit 02 with only intervening inter-visit Earth occultation. Orientation: Absolute Orientation 59.05 degrees only.					
Diagnostics	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 01) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates	Targ. Coord. Corrections	Fluxes	Miscellaneous
	(1)	BETA-PIC	RA: 05 47 17.0877 (86.8211988d)	Proper Motion RA: 4.65 mas/yr	V=3.86	Reference Frame: ICRS
			Dec: -51 03 59.45 (-51.06651d)	Proper Motion Dec: 83.10 mas/yr	B=4.03	
			Equinox: J2000	Parallax: 0.05144"		
				Epoch of Position: 2000		
	Comments: Beta Pictoris, debris disk: semi-major axis P.A.: +30.8 degree (E of N)					
A6V Category=STAR Description=[A4-A9 V-IV]						

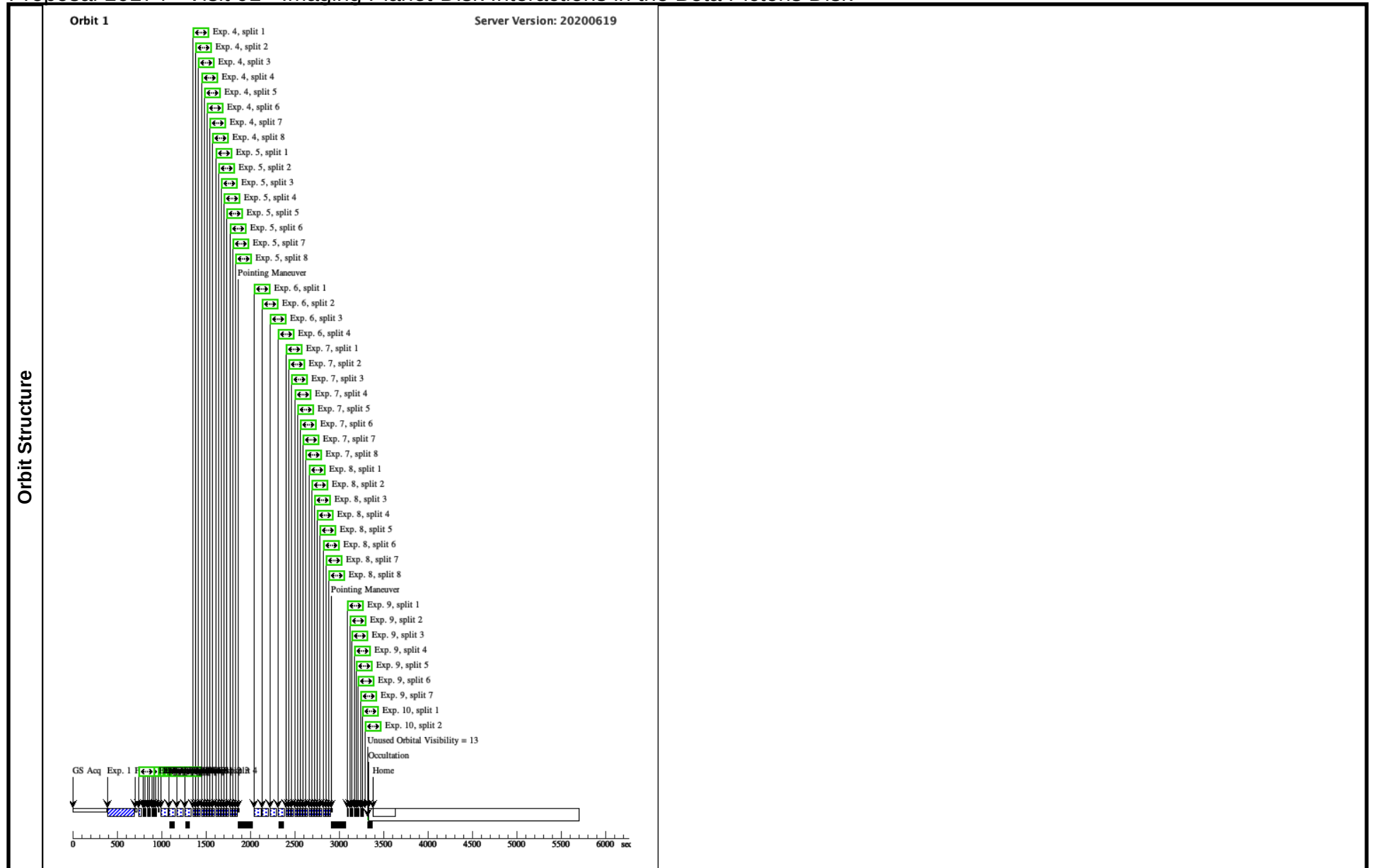
Proposal 16174 - Visit 01 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

Exposures	#	Label	Target	Config,Mode,Aperture	Spectral Els.	Opt. Params.	Special Reqs.	Groups	Exp. Time (Total)/[Actual Dur.]	Orbit
	1	BPic-V1-A CQ	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACQ, F25ND5	MIRROR		GS ACQ SCENARI O BASE1BE		3.1 Secs (3.1 Secs)	
									[==>]	[1]
	2	WEDGE0.6 A_1.2sX8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA0.6	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=137; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			9.6 Secs (9.6 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	3	WEDGE1.0 A_60Sx4	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=4; GAIN=4			240 Secs (240 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)]	[1]
Exposures	4	WEDGE1.0 A_3Sx8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			24 Secs (24 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	5	WEDGE1.0 A_3Sx8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			24 Secs (24 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	6	WEDGE1.0 B_60Sx4	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=4; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427			240 Secs (240 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)]	[1]

Proposal 16174 - Visit 01 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

7	WEDGE1.0 B_3Sx8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427	24 Secs (24 Secs)	[1]
						[==>(Split 1)]	
						[==>(Split 2)]	
						[==>(Split 3)]	
8	WEDGE1.0 B_3Sx8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427	24 Secs (24 Secs)	[1]
						[==>(Split 1)]	
						[==>(Split 2)]	
						[==>(Split 3)]	
9	WEDGE0.6 B_1.2sX7	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=7; POS TARG -7.4,null GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	8.4 Secs (8.4 Secs)	[1]
						[==>(Split 1)]	
						[==>(Split 2)]	
						[==>(Split 3)]	
10	WEDGE0.6 B_1.2Sx2	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=2; POS TARG -7.4,null GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	2.4 Secs (2.4 Secs)	[1]
						[==>(Split 1)]	
						[==>(Split 2)]	
						[==>(Split 2)]	

Proposal 16174 - Visit 01 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk



Proposal 16174 - Visit 02 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

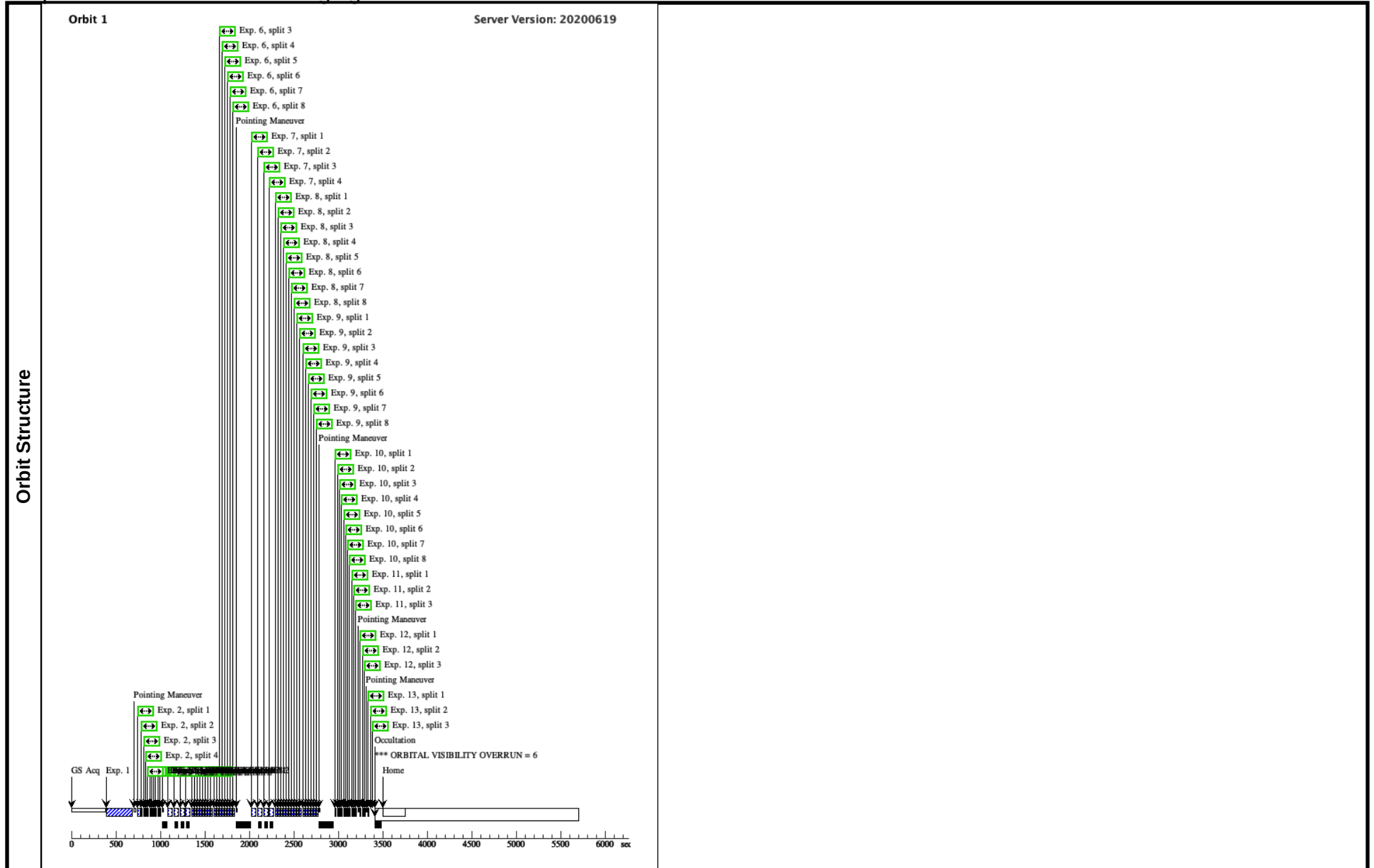
Visit	Proposal 16174, Visit 02, implementation					Thu Feb 11 17:00:42 GMT 2021
	Diagnostic Status: Warning					
	Scientific Instruments: STIS/CCD					
	Special Requirements: PCS MODE FINE; GUID TOL 0.005"; GYRO MODE 3GOBAD; ORIENT 65.8D TO 85.8 D; AFTER 01 BY .5 Orbits TO 1.5 Orbits					
	Comments: Timing: Must be executed in sequential orbit immediately after Visit 01 with only intervening inter-visit Earth occultation. Orientation: Absolute Orientation between 65.8 and 85.8 degrees; optimal absolute orientation: 75.8					
Diagnostics	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): ORBITAL VISIBILITY OVERRUN					
	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
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	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
	(Visit 02) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR					
Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates	Targ. Coord. Corrections	Fluxes	Miscellaneous
	(2)	ALPHA-PIC	RA: 06 48 11.4600 (102.0477500d)	Proper Motion RA: -66.07 mas/yr	V=3.30	Reference Frame: ICRS
		Alt Name1: HD50241	Dec: -61 56 29.00 (-61.94139d)	Proper Motion Dec: 242.97 mas/yr	B=3.48	
			Equinox: J2000	Parallax: 0.03378"		
				Epoch of Position: 2000		
	Comments: PSF calibrator for Beta Pictoris Category=CALIBRATION Description=[POINT SPREAD FUNCTION]					

Proposal 16174 - Visit 02 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

Exposures	#	Label	Target	Config,Mode,Aperture	Spectral Els.	Opt. Params.	Special Reqs.	Groups	Exp. Time (Total)/[Actual Dur.]	Orbit
	1	APic-V1-A CQ	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACQ, F25ND5	MIRROR		GS ACQ SCENARI O BASE1BE		1.9 Secs (1.9 Secs)	
									[==>]	[1]
	2	WEDGE0.6 A_0.7x8	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA0.6	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=137; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			5.6 Secs (5.6 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	3	WEDGE0.6 A_0.7x3	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA0.6	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=137; CR-SPLIT=3; GAIN=4			2.1 Secs (2.1 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)]	[1]
	4	WEDGE1.0 A_36Sx4	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=4; GAIN=4			144 Secs (144 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)]	[1]
	5	WEDGE1.0 A_1.9Sx8	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			15.2 Secs (15.2 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	6	WEDGE1.0 A_1.9Sx8	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			15.2 Secs (15.2 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	7	WEDGE1.0 B_36Sx4	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEB1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=4; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427			144 Secs (144 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)]	[1]

Proposal 16174 - Visit 02 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

8	WEDGE1.0 B_1.9x8	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427	15.2 Secs (15.2 Secs)	[1]
9	WEDGE1.0 B_1.9Sx8	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427	15.2 Secs (15.2 Secs)	[1]
10	WEDGE0.6 B_0.7x8	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	5.6 Secs (5.6 Secs)	[1]
11	WEDGE0.6 B_0.7x3	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=3; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	2.1 Secs (2.1 Secs)	[1]
12	WEDGE0.6 B_0.7x4	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=3; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	2.1 Secs (2.1 Secs)	[1]
13	WEDGE0.6 B_0.7x3	(2) ALPHA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=3; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	2.1 Secs (2.1 Secs)	[1]



Proposal 16174 - Visit 03 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

Visit	Proposal 16174, Visit 03, implementation Thu Feb 11 17:00:43 GMT 2021				
	Diagnostic Status: Warning Scientific Instruments: STIS/CCD Special Requirements: PCS MODE FINE; GUID TOL 0.005"; GYRO MODE 3GOBAD; ORIENT 33.5D TO 33.5D FROM 01; AFTER 02 BY 0.5 Orbits TO 1.5 Orbits <i>Comments: Timing: Must be executed in sequential orbit immediately after Visit 03 with only intervening inter-visit Earth occultation.</i> <i>Orientation: Relative Orientation 33.5 degrees from Visit 1 orientation.</i>				
Diagnostics	(Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR (Visit 03) Warning (Orbit Planner): SUBARRAY OFF OF DETECTOR				
Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates	Targ. Coord. Corrections	Fluxes
	(1)	BETA-PIC	RA: 05 47 17.0877 (86.8211988d) Dec: -51 03 59.45 (-51.06651d) Equinox: J2000	Proper Motion RA: 4.65 mas/yr Proper Motion Dec: 83.10 mas/yr Parallax: 0.05144" Epoch of Position: 2000	V=3.86 B=4.03
Fixed Targets	Reference Frame: ICRS				
	<i>Comments: Beta Pictoris, debris disk: semi-major axis P.A.: +30.8 degree (E of N)</i> A6V Category=STAR Description=[A4-A9 V-IV]				

Proposal 16174 - Visit 03 - Imaging Planet-Disk Interactions in the Beta Pictoris Disk

Exposures	#	Label	Target	Config,Mode,Aperture	Spectral Els.	Opt. Params.	Special Reqs.	Groups	Exp. Time (Total)/[Actual Dur.]	Orbit
	1	BPic-V1-A CQ	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACQ, F25ND5	MIRROR		GS ACQ SCENARI O BASE1BE		3.1 Secs (3.1 Secs)	
									[==>]	[1]
	2	WEDGE0.6 A_1.2x7	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA0.6	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=137; CR-SPLIT=7; GAIN=4			8.4 Secs (8.4 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)]	[1]
	3	WEDGE0.6 A_1.2x2	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA0.6	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=137; CR-SPLIT=2; GAIN=4			2.4 Secs (2.4 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)]	[1]
	4	WEDGE1.0 A_60Sx4	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=4; GAIN=4			240 Secs (240 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)]	[1]
	5	WEDGE1.0 A_3Sx8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			24 Secs (24 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	6	WEDGE1.0 A_3Sx8	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	SIZEAXIS2=427; CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4			24 Secs (24 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	7	WEDGE1.0 B_60Sx4	(1) BETA-PIC	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGEA1.0	MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=4; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427			240 Secs (240 Secs)	
									[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)]	[1]

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	8	WEDGE1.0 (1) BETA-PIC B_3Sx8	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0 MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427	24 Secs (24 Secs)	[1]
					[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	
	9	WEDGE1.0 (1) BETA-PIC B_3Sx8	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0 MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=427	24 Secs (24 Secs)	
					[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	[1]
	10	WEDGE0.6 (1) BETA-PIC B_1.2x8	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, WEDGE1.0 MIRROR	CR-SPLIT=8; POS TARG -7.4,null GAIN=4; SIZEAXIS2=137	9.6 Secs (9.6 Secs)	[1]
					[==>(Split 1)] [==>(Split 2)] [==>(Split 3)] [==>(Split 4)] [==>(Split 5)] [==>(Split 6)] [==>(Split 7)] [==>(Split 8)]	

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