



# 15895 - High-Speed Bullet Ejections during the AGB to Planetary Nebula Transition: A Study of the Carbon Star V Hydrae

Cycle: 27, Proposal Category: GO  
(Availability Mode: SUPPORTED)

## INVESTIGATORS

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## VISITS

<i>Visit</i>	<i>Targets used in Visit</i>	<i>Configurations used in Visit</i>	<i>Orbits Used</i>	<i>Last Orbit Planner Run</i>	<i>OP Current with Visit?</i>
01	(1) V-HYDRAE	STIS/CCD	4	24-Jul-2019 13:06:06.0	yes

4 Total Orbits Used

## ABSTRACT

The carbon star V Hya is experiencing heavy mass loss as it undergoes the transition from an AGB star to a planetary nebula (PN). This is possibly the earliest object known in this brief phase, which is so short that few nearby stars are likely to be caught in the act. Molecular observations reveal that a bipolar nebula has been established even at this early stage.

Using STIS, we obtained high spatial-resolution long-slit optical spectra of V Hya spanning 3 epochs spaced apart by a year during each of two periods (2002-2004, 2011-2013). These data reveal

high-velocity emission in [SII] lines from compact blobs located both on- and off-source, with the ejection axis executing a flip-flop, both in, and perpendicular to, the sky-plane. We have proposed a detailed model in which V Hya ejects high-speed (200-250 km/s) bullets once every 8.5 yr associated with periastron passage of a binary companion in an eccentric orbit with an 8.5 yr period. We suggest that the jet driver is an accretion disk (produced by gravitational capture of material from the primary) that is warped and precessing. Our model predicts the locations of previously ejected bullets in V Hya and future epochs at which new bullets will emerge. We now propose new STIS observations of these remarkable bullet ejections over two new epochs well separated from previous ones, to robustly test our model. The proposed observations will provide us with an unprecedented opportunity to look on as V Hya's circumstellar envelope is sculpted by these bullets. Our study will help solve the long-standing puzzle of how the spherical mass-loss envelopes of AGB stars evolve into bipolar and multipolar PNe.

## OBSERVING DESCRIPTION

We will utilise an observing set-up that uses a mosaic of 5 parallel slits aligned E-W to probe the spatio-kinematic structure of the emission-line blobs in the [SII] $\lambda\lambda$ 4069.7,4077.5 doublet. STIS will be used with G430M (tilt setting of 4194) and the  $52''$  slit to obtain spectra in the  $\lambda\lambda$ 4051-4337 Å range. From our previous data, the [SII] $\lambda$ 4066 Å line has a peak intensity that is about  $4 \times 10^{-13}$  erg  $s^{-1}$   $cm^{-2}$  Å $^{-1}$  arcsec $^{-2}$  and a FWHM of about 1 Å. We will use exposure times ( $\sim 1100$  s per dither position), and CR-SPLIT=2, which gives us a S/N  $\sim 40$ --80 at the peak of the [SII] $\lambda$ 4066 Å line, and a S/N  $\sim 15$  in the continuum (which is roughly a factor 4 weaker in the offset slit, where the high-velocity bullet emission is strongest). This high S/N ratio is necessary because it allows us to measure the spatial offset of the peak from the source continuum with sub-pixel accuracy, which is important since the proper motion is about  $0.7$  arcsec per year (and may decrease with time). In addition, we want to continue to be able to detect important fainter lines ([FeII] $\lambda\lambda$ 4241 & 4285 Å) which we have detected previously, and which provide additional probes of the physical conditions in the bullet. The G430M observations will require 4 orbits per epochs.

The available windows for observing V Hya given our STIS slit ORIENT constraints (we require an ORIENT within  $\sim 4$  arcdeg of those used in the previous epochs) occur twice each calendar year, i.e., (1) in June/Aug, and (2) in

Dec.

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Wed Jul 24 17:06:08 GMT 2019

<b>Visit</b>	<b>Proposal 15895, Visit 01, implementation</b> <b>Diagnostic Status: No Diagnostics</b> Scientific Instruments: STIS/CCD Special Requirements: PCS MODE FINE; SCHED 30%; ORIENT 128.5D TO 136.5 D; ORIENT 308.5D TO 316.5 D					
	<b>Patterns</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>Primary Pattern</b>	<b>Secondary Pattern</b>	<b>Exposures</b>	
	(1)	Pattern Type=STIS-PERP-TO-SLIT    Coordinate Frame=POS-TARG Purpose=MOSAIC    Pattern Orientation=0.0 Number Of Points=5    Angle Between Sides= Point Spacing=0.1    Center Pattern=true Line Spacing=	Pattern Type=STIS-ALONG-SLIT    Coordinate Frame=POS-TARG Purpose=DITHER    Pattern Orientation=90.0 Number Of Points=3    Angle Between Sides= Point Spacing=0.22851    Center Pattern=false Line Spacing=	(3)		
<b>Fixed Targets</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Target Coordinates</b>	<b>Targ. Coord. Corrections</b>	<b>Fluxes</b>	<b>Miscellaneous</b>
	(1)	V-HYDRAE	RA: 10 51 37.2566 (162.9052358d) Dec: -21 15 0.32 (-21.25009d) Equinox: J2000	Proper Motion RA: -11.02 mas/yr Proper Motion Dec: 2.29 mas/yr Epoch of Position: 2000	V=6.8+/-2 B=12.7	Reference Frame: ICRS
	Comments: Category=STAR Description=[CARBON STAR, DISK, EMISSION LINE NEBULA, PULSATING VARIABLE, WIND] Extended=YES					

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#	Label	Target	Config,Mode,Aperture	Spectral Els.	Opt. Params.	Special Reqs.	Groups	Exp. Time (Total)/[Actual Dur.]	Orbit
1	(1) V-HYDRAE	(1) V-HYDRAE	STIS/CCD, ACQ, F25ND3	MIRROR				1.3 Secs (1.3 Secs)	
								[==>]	[1]
2	(1) V-HYDRAE	(1) V-HYDRAE	STIS/CCD, ACQ/PEAK, 52X0.1	G750L				1.0 Secs (1 Secs)	
				7751 A				[==>]	
Exposures									[1]

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3	(1) V-HYDRAE	STIS/CCD, ACCUM, 52X0.1	G430M 4194 A	Pattern 1, Exps 3-3 i n Visit 01 (1)	560 Secs (8616 Secs)	
					[==>264.0 Secs (Pattern 1,1, Split 1)] [==>264.0 Secs (Pattern 1,1, Split 2)] [==>264.0 Secs (Pattern 1,2, Split 1)] [==>264.0 Secs (Pattern 1,2, Split 2)] [==>264.0 Secs (Pattern 1,3, Split 1)] [==>264.0 Secs (Pattern 1,3, Split 2)]	[1]
					[==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 2,1, Split 1)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 2,1, Split 2)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 2,2, Split 1)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 2,2, Split 2)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 2,3, Split 1)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 2,3, Split 2)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 3,1, Split 1)] [==>295.0 Secs (Pattern 3,1, Split 2)]	[2]
					[==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 3,2, Split 1)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 3,2, Split 2)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 3,3, Split 1)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 3,3, Split 2)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 4,1, Split 1)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 4,1, Split 2)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 4,2, Split 1)] [==>292.0 Secs (Pattern 4,2, Split 2)]	[3]

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	<p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 4,3, Split 1)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 4,3, Split 2)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 5,1, Split 1)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 5,1, Split 2)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 5,2, Split 1)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 5,2, Split 2)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 5,3, Split 1)]</p> <p>[==&gt;292.0 Secs (Pattern 5,3, Split 2)]</p>	<p>[4]</p>
<p><i>Comments: 15 exposures to produce a mosaic of 5 slits, spaced apart by 0.1 arcsec, with a 3-point dither along the slit for each slit position</i></p>		









