



2974 - The Hubble constant at 1.9% from spatially resolved kinematics of gravitational lens

Cycle: 2, Proposal Category: GO

INVESTIGATORS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Institution</i>
Prof. Tommaso L. Treu (PI)	University of California - Los Angeles
Dr. Anowar J Shajib (CoI) (CoPI) (Contact)	University of Chicago
Prof. Frederic Courbin (CoI) (ESA Member)	Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne
Prof. Veronica Motta (CoI)	Universidad de Valparaiso
Prof. Timo Anguita (CoI)	Universidad Andres Bello
Dr. Stefan Schuldt (CoI) (ESA Member)	Universita di Milano
Prof. Sherry H. Suyu (CoI) (ESA Member)	Technical University of Munich
Dr. Martin Millon (CoI)	Stanford University
Dr. Dominique Sluse (CoI) (ESA Member)	Université de Liège
Prof. Christopher Fassnacht (CoI)	University of California - Davis
Thomas Schmidt (CoI)	University of California - Los Angeles
Mr. Danial Langeroodi (CoI) (ESA Member)	University of Copenhagen, Niels Bohr Institute
Dr. Cameron Lemon (CoI) (ESA Member)	Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne
Prof. Michele Cappellari (CoI) (ESA Member)	University of Oxford
Prof. Simon Birrer (CoI)	State University of New York at Stony Brook
Mr. Shawn Knabel (CoI)	University of California - Los Angeles

OBSERVATIONS

<i>Folder</i>	<i>Observation</i>	<i>Label</i>	<i>Observing Template</i>	<i>Science Target</i>
Observation Folder				
J1206+4332				

<i>Folder</i>	<i>Observation</i>	<i>Label</i>	<i>Observing Template</i>	<i>Science Target</i>
	2		NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy	(2) J1206+4332.LENSGALAXY
B1608+656				
	3		NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy	(3) B1608+656.LENSGALAXY
J1721+8842				
	4		NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy	(4) J1721+8842.LENSGALAXY

ABSTRACT

The Hubble tension is arguably the most tantalizing crack in Λ CDM's model. If the 8% difference between the Hubble constant measured from the local distance ladder from SH0ES and that from Planck is real, then new physics is needed. Independent methods are needed to confirm or rule out the tension.

Gravitational time delays have been used to measure H_0 to 2% precision based on 7 lenses, and found to be in agreement with SH0ES. The measurement relied on assuming that the mass density profiles of massive elliptical galaxies are described by a power-law or stars + Navarro Frenk White dark matter halos. However, if these standard mass profile assumptions are lifted, the precision is limited by the mass sheet degeneracy (MSD). The MSD is broken by stellar kinematics of the lens galaxies. For the same sample of 7 lenses, the precision on H_0 worsens to 8% using ground based unresolved stellar velocity dispersions, without assumptions on the mass profile.

We propose to obtain a 1.9% measurement of H_0 , sufficient to distinguish SH0ES and Planck at 4-sigma, fully accounting for the MSD in the error budget. This requires spatially resolved stellar kinematics of the lens galaxies, necessary to break both the mass sheet degeneracy in lens models and the mass anisotropy degeneracy in dynamical models. Only JWST with the NIRSPEC IFU has sufficient resolution, PSF stability, and sensitivity to obtain this data. In order to be able to reach 1.9% precision on H_0 we need a total of 8 lenses with JWST kinematics, carefully selected for the quality of the time delays and other ancillary data. Four are scheduled to be observed in Cycle-1. We propose to observe the remaining 4 in Cycle-2.

OBSERVING DESCRIPTION

We will obtain deep spectroscopic observations with the NIRSpec IFU of four galaxies lensing quasars with measured time delays. The spectra will be used to measure spatially resolved kinematics, and, in combination with existing data, measure the Hubble constant to 1.9% precision. We will employ the G140M/F100LP disperser/filter set-up to target the Ca II triplet features, which are shifted into the near-infrared given the redshifts of the lens galaxies. The lens galaxies effective radii fit within one single IFU field of view. We choose the orientation to minimize contamination by the bright quasar images. We apply a standard four-point dither pattern to eliminate defects and cosmic ray hits. The NRSIRS2 readout pattern is

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adopted, as recommended for long integrations on faint objects. The exposure time is calculated to reach S/N of 20/AA out to the effective radius, which is necessary to measure stellar velocity dispersion with 5% precision and meet our target precision on H α .

Proposal 2974 - Targets - The Hubble constant at 1.9% from spatially resolved kinematics of gravitational lens

#	Name	Target Coordinates	Targ. Coord. Corrections	Miscellaneous
(2)	J1206+4332.LENSGALAXY	RA: 12 06 29.6700 (181.6236250d) Dec: +43 32 18.82 (43.53856d) Equinox: J2000		
<i>Comments:</i> <i>Category=Galaxy</i> <i>Description=[Elliptical galaxies]</i>				
(3)	B1608+656.LENSGALAXY	RA: 16 09 13.9400 (242.3080833d) Dec: +65 32 27.96 (65.54110d) Equinox: J2000		
<i>Comments:</i> <i>Category=Galaxy</i> <i>Description=[Elliptical galaxies]</i>				
(4)	J1721+8842.LENSGALAXY	RA: 17 21 44.2500 (260.4343750d) Dec: +88 42 21.56 (88.70599d) Equinox: J2000		
<i>Comments:</i> <i>Category=Galaxy</i> <i>Description=[Elliptical galaxies]</i>				

Proposal 2974 - Observation 2 - The Hubble constant at 1.9% from spatially resolved kinematics of gravitational lens

Wed Aug 09 16:04:03 GMT 2023

Observation	Proposal 2974, Observation 2 Diagnostic Status: Warning Observing Template: NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy <i>Comments: PA requirement needed to minimize QSO contamination within the IFU FOV.</i>											
	(Visit 2:1) Warning (Form): Overheads are provisional until the Visit Planner has been run.											
Diagnostics												
Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates			Targ. Coord. Corrections			Miscellaneous			
	(2)	J1206+4332.LENSGALAXY	RA: 12 06 29.6700 (181.6236250d) Dec: +43 32 18.82 (43.53856d) Equinox: J2000									
<i>Comments: Category=Galaxy Description=[Elliptical galaxies]</i>												
Template	TA Method											
	NONE											
Dithers	#	Dither Type		Size	Starting Point			Number of Points	Points			
	1	4-POINT-DITHER										
Spectral Elements	#	Grating/Filter	Readout Pattern	Groups/Int	Integrations/Ex p	Leakcal	Dither	Autocal	Total Dithers	Total Integrations	Total Exposure Time	ETC Wkbk.Calc ID
	1	G140M/F100LP	NRSIRS2	25	4	false	true	NONE	4	16	29411.202	145108
	2	G140M/F100LP	NRSIRS2	25	4	false	true	NONE	4	16	29411.202	145108
Special Requirements	Aperture PA Range 290.57253418 to 346.57253418 Degrees (V3 151.6 to 207.6)											

Proposal 2974 - Observation 3 - The Hubble constant at 1.9% from spatially resolved kinematics of gravitational lens

Wed Aug 09 16:04:03 GMT 2023

Observation	<p>Proposal 2974, Observation 3</p> <p>Diagnostic Status: Warning</p> <p>Observing Template: NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy</p> <p><i>Comments: PA requirement needed to minimize QSO contamination within the IFU FOV.</i></p>											
Diagnostics	(Visit 3:1) Warning (Form): Overheads are provisional until the Visit Planner has been run.											
Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates			Targ. Coord. Corrections			Miscellaneous			
	(3)	B1608+656.LENSGALAXY	RA: 16 09 13.9400 (242.3080833d) Dec: +65 32 27.96 (65.54110d) Equinox: J2000									
	<p><i>Comments:</i> <i>Category=Galaxy</i> <i>Description=[Elliptical galaxies]</i></p>											
Template	TA Method											
	NONE											
Dithers	#	Dither Type		Size	Starting Point			Number of Points	Points			
	1	4-POINT-DITHER										
Spectral Elements	#	Grating/Filter	Readout Pattern	Groups/Int	Integrations/Exp	Leakcal	Dither	Autocal	Total Dithers	Total Integrations	Total Exposure Time	ETC Wkbk.Calc ID
	1	G140M/F100LP	NRSIRS2	25	3	false	true	NONE	4	12	22058.402	145108
Special Requirements	<p>Aperture PA Range 10.1 to 36.1 Degrees (V3 231.12746582 to 257.12746582)</p> <p>Aperture PA Range 100.1 to 126.1 Degrees (V3 321.12746582 to 347.12746582)</p> <p>Aperture PA Range 190.1 to 216.1 Degrees (V3 51.12746582 to 77.12746582)</p> <p>Aperture PA Range 280.1 to 306.1 Degrees (V3 141.12746582 to 167.12746582)</p>											

Proposal 2974 - Observation 4 - The Hubble constant at 1.9% from spatially resolved kinematics of gravitational lens

Wed Aug 09 16:04:03 GMT 2023

Observation	<p>Proposal 2974, Observation 4</p> <p>Diagnostic Status: Warning</p> <p>Observing Template: NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy</p> <p><i>Comments: PA requirement needed to minimize QSO contamination within the IFU FOV.</i></p>											
Diagnostics	(Visit 4:1) Warning (Form): Overheads are provisional until the Visit Planner has been run.											
Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates			Targ. Coord. Corrections			Miscellaneous			
	(4)	J1721+8842.LENSGALAXY	RA: 17 21 44.2500 (260.4343750d) Dec: +88 42 21.56 (88.70599d) Equinox: J2000									
	<p><i>Comments:</i> <i>Category=Galaxy</i> <i>Description=[Elliptical galaxies]</i></p>											
Template	TA Method											
	NONE											
Dithers	#	Dither Type		Size	Starting Point			Number of Points	Points			
	1	4-POINT-DITHER										
Spectral Elements	#	Grating/Filter	Readout Pattern	Groups/Int	Integrations/Ex p	Leakcal	Dither	Autocal	Total Dithers	Total Integrations	Total Exposure Time	ETC Wkbk.Calc ID
	1	G140M/F100LP	NRSIRS2	25	3	false	true	NONE	4	12	22058.402	145108
Special Requirements	<p>Aperture PA Range 35.9 to 61.9 Degrees (V3 256.92746582 to 282.92746582)</p> <p>Aperture PA Range 125.9 to 151.9 Degrees (V3 346.92746582 to 12.92746582)</p> <p>Aperture PA Range 215.9 to 241.9 Degrees (V3 76.92746582 to 102.92746582)</p> <p>Aperture PA Range 305.9 to 331.9 Degrees (V3 166.92746582 to 192.92746582)</p>											