



# 5266 - A sharp view on the small-scale star formation in a remarkable redshift 2.58 spiral galaxy

Cycle: 3, Proposal Category: GO

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## OBSERVATIONS

<i>Folder</i>	<i>Observation</i>	<i>Label</i>	<i>Observing Template</i>	<i>Science Target</i>
NIRSPEC_IFU				
	1		NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy	(1) Sp_A2744

## ABSTRACT

## JWST Proposal 5266 (Created: Monday, April 7, 2025, 6:00:56PM Eastern Standard Time) - Overview

During cosmic noon, galaxies experience intense star formation phases that double the galaxy stellar mass over short time scales. Their morphologies are dominated by compact stellar clumps which are trust to be a major mode of star formation and mass growth during this period. In contrast to HST based studies, JWST observations have revealed that spiral galaxies are already in place at redshift higher than 1.5, with higher than expected incidence of bulges and even bars structures.

To capture this rapid evolution phase, we propose NIRSpec/IFU observations of the optical rest-frame of Sp-a2744, a remarkable face-on spiral at  $z=2.58$ , detected in the UNCOVER data of the lensing cluster Abell 2744. Homogenous 2D magnification preserves the morphological appearance of this target that shows  $\sim 40$  clumps, an asymmetric disk, a potential bar and proto-bulge in the making. This galaxy represents a unique laboratory to study the rapid morphological evolution and the star formation cycle close to the peak of star formation history. Recently, ALMA has mapped the giant molecular clouds (GMCs) at resolution comparable to the here requested NIRSPEC/IFU observations.

The combination of ALMA, NIRCам, and NIRSpec/IFU will enable us to derive key physical properties (age, SFR, dynamical mass, extinction, electron density, gas pressure, metallicity, ionisation parameters) down to 10s of parsec scales. We will evaluate the effect of stellar feedback on the disruption of their parent GMCs, in setting the integrated star formation efficiency, power the ionised ISM, as well as probe bulge formation in a representative MS galaxy at cosmic noon.

### **OBSERVING DESCRIPTION**

We select the grating G235H/F170LP which allows us to cover all the emission lines of interest for the science. We expect to detect H $\beta$ , [OIII], [NII], Ha, and [SII]. The latter line emission is close to the detector gap, but it will be detected (galaxy redshift known from spectroscopy). The R=2700 will enable us to resolve FWHM down to 100 km/s, which correspond to velocity dispersions of 40 km/s. The high spectral resolution will also enable us to resolve the doublets ([OIII] and [SII]) and to resolve the brightest [NII] line from Ha.

The S/N ratios are estimated using circular apertures of 0.15". The detector setup consists of the readout mode NRSIRS2, 20 Ngroups, 2 exposures, 15 dithers. We select as dither type CYCLING and small size step. Target acquisition is done in WATA with CLEAR filter on a point-source which is within the FoV. NRSRAPIDD6 is used as readout mode for acquisition. An offset is required after acquisition to centre the NIRSPec FoV on the science target. In total we request 15.83h of which 12.16h are on target (78% efficiency). Following JDOx recommendations and tests performed on the public ERS data, no separate sky exposures are required as there will be a significant empty areas within the field of view.

No orientation constraints are necessary.

Proposal 5266 - Targets - A sharp view on the small-scale star formation in a remarkable redshift 2.58 spiral galaxy

Fixed Targets	#	Name	Target Coordinates	Targ. Coord. Corrections	Miscellaneous
	(1)	Sp_A2744	RA: 00 14 9.6803 (3.5403346d) Dec: -30 22 30.19 (-30.37505d) Equinox: J2000		
<i>Comments:</i> Category=Galaxy Description=[Disk galaxies, Spiral galaxies] Extended=YES					

Proposal 5266 - Observation 1 - A sharp view on the small-scale star formation in a remarkable redshift 2.58 spiral galaxy

Mon Apr 07 23:00:56 GMT 2025

<b>Observation</b>	<p><b>Proposal 5266, Observation 1</b></p> <p><b>Diagnostic Status: Warning</b></p> <p>Observing Template: NIRSpec IFU Spectroscopy</p>											
<b>Diagnostics</b>	(Visit 1:1) Warning (Form): Overheads are provisional until the Visit Planner has been run.											
<b>Fixed Targets</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Target Coordinates</b>			<b>Targ. Coord. Corrections</b>			<b>Miscellaneous</b>			
	(1)	Sp_A2744	RA: 00 14 9.6803 (3.5403346d) Dec: -30 22 30.19 (-30.37505d) Equinox: J2000									
	<p><i>Comments:</i>  <i>Category=Galaxy</i>  <i>Description=[Disk galaxies, Spiral galaxies]</i>  <i>Extended=YES</i></p>											
<b>Template</b>	<b>TA Method</b>						<b>HFF Readout Mode</b>					
	NONE						false					
<b>Dithers</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>Dither Type</b>		<b>Size</b>	<b>Starting Point</b>		<b>Number of Points</b>		<b>Points</b>			
	1	CYCLING		SMALL	3		15					
<b>Spectral Elements</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>Grating/Filter</b>	<b>Readout Pattern</b>	<b>Groups/Int</b>	<b>Integrations/Ex p</b>	<b>Leakcal</b>	<b>Dither</b>	<b>Autocal</b>	<b>Total Dithers</b>	<b>Total Integrations</b>	<b>Total Exposure Time</b>	<b>ETC Wkbk.Calc ID</b>
	1	G235H/F170LP	NRSIRS2	20	2	false	true	NONE	15	30	44204.337	174748